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## SCHOLLE CORP -- BATTERY FLUID, ACID -- 6810-00-236-0702

Product ID:BATTERY FLUID, ACID

MSDS Date:08/01/1996

FSC:6810

NIIN:00-236-0702

MSDS Number: BWPRS
=== Responsible Party ===
Company Name:SCHOLLE CORP

Company Name: SCHOLLE CORP Address: 200 W NORTH AVE

City:MELROSE PARK (FORMALLY IN NORTHLAKE)

State:IL

ZIP:60164-2402 Country:US

Info Phone Num:708-562-7290

Emergency Phone Num:708-562-729

0, CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

CAGE:97807

=== Contractor Identification === Company Name:SCHOLLE CORP

Address:200 W NORTH AVE Box:City:MELROSE PARK

State:IL

ZIP:60164-2402

Country:US

Phone:708-562-7290

CAGE:97807

Company Name: THICKSTUN BROTHERS EQUIPMENT CO INC

Address:841 ALTON AVE Box:City:COLUMBUS

State:OH

ZIP:43219-3710 Country:US CAGE:65647

======= Composition/Information on Ingredients ========

Ingred Name: SULFURIC ACID (SARA III)

CAS:7664-93-9

RTECS #:WS5600000 Fraction by Wt: 34 -36%

Other REC Limits: NONE SPECIFIED

OSHA PEL:1 MG/M3

ACGIH TLV:1 MG/M3; 9192

EPA Rpt Qty:1000 LBS DOT Rpt Qty:1000 LBS

Ingred Name:WATER

CAS:7732-18-5

RTECS #:ZC0110000 Fraction by Wt: 64-66%

Other REC Limits: NONE SPECIFIED

============ Hazards Identification =========================

LD50 LC50 Mixture:PRODUCT'S LD50 (ORAL RAT) WAS NOT STATED

Routes of Entry: Inhalation:YES Skin:YES Ingestion:YES Reports of Carcinogenicity:NTP:NO IARC:NO OSHA:NO

Health Hazards Acute and Chronic:T HIRD DEGREE BURNS. SEVERE

RESPIRATORY, SKIN, AND EYE IRRITANT. BRONCHITIS, LARYNGEAL AND PULMONARY EDEMA MAY RESULT.

Explanation of Carcinogenicity:IARC LISTS A POSSIBLE LINK BETWEEN SULFURIC ACID EXPOSURE & LARYNGEAL CANCER W/INSUFFICIENT DATA FOR CONFIRMATION.

Effects of Overexposure:PRICKLING OR BURNING SENSATION OF SKIN AND MUCOUS MEMBRANES. COUGHING, SNEEZING, TIGHTNESS OF CHEST, DIFFICULTY IN BREATHING.

Medical Cond Aggravated by Exposure: ANY PRE-EXISTING RESPIRATOR Y

DISEASE, FOR EXAMPLE EMPHYSEMA.

First Aid:SEE SUPP DATA. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION!! EYE:FLUSH W/WATER FOR 15 MIN. SKIN:WASH W/SOAP & WATER. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING & LAUNDER BEFORE REUSE. INHALED:REMOVE FROM EXPOSURE. AID OR RESTO RE BREATHING AS NEEDED. INGESTED:DO NOTINDUCE VOMITING. GIVE LARGE QUANTITIES OF MILK, MILK OF MAGNESIA, TABLE OIL, EGGS OR WATER TO DRINK. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICA

LATTENTION. RINSE MOUTH OFTEN.
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Extinguishing Media:DRY CHEMICAL OR CARBON DIOXIDE FOR SMALL FIRES.  WATER FOG, LARGE FIRES.  Fire Fighting Procedures:DO NOT DIRECT WATER INTO ACID TANKS. COOL  OUTSIDE OF TANK W/WATER. WEAR FULL-FACE, SCBA, RUBBERIZED OUTER  WEAR, GLOVES, BOOTS.  Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard:SULFURIC ACID WILL NOT BURN BUT CAN START  FIRES WITH ORGANIC MATERIAL,NITRATES,CARBIDES,CHLORATES & METAL
POWDER. FLAMMABLE HYDROGEN GAS FORMED BY METAL CONTACT
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Spill Release Procedures:WEAR FULL ACID-PROTECTIVE GEAR. REMOVE SOURCES OF IGNITION. NEUTRALIZE SPILL WITH LIME OR SODA ASH. FLUSH TO WASTE WATER TREATMENT SYSTEM IF ALLOWED. DIKE LARGE SPILLS. DO NOT WASH INTO STORM OR SANIT ARY SEWER SYSTEM. Neutralizing Agent:LIME OR SODA ASH (MIN 7.8 LBS PER GALLON OF ELECTROLYTE) CONSULT REGULATIONS.
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Handling and Storage Precautions:DO NOT STORE NEAR ORGANICS. HYDROGEN MAY BE GENERATED INSIDE DRUMS & TANKS. AVOID FLAMES & SPARKS. Other Precautions:NEVER ADD WATER TO CONTAINERS OF ACID. BEWARE OF ACID REACTION IN SEWERS THAT MAY PRODUCE FLAMMABLE HYDROGEN GAS OR TOXIC SULFIDES.
====== Exposure Controls/Personal Protection ========
Respiratory Protection:WHEN NEEDED USE NIOSH OR MSHA APPROVED HALF OR

FULL-FA

CE MASK WITH ACID GAS CARTRIDGE. FOR HIGH CONCENTRATIONS, USE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

Ventilation: REQUIRED. USE LOCAL EXHAUST. NOTE: VENTILATE STORAGE TANKS BEFORE ENTERING.

Protective Gloves:RUBBER

Eye Protection: CHEMICAL GOGGLES OR FULL FACE SHIELD.

Other Protective Equipment: RUBBER SAFETY SHOES/BOOTS. RUBER APRON OR FULL SUIT IF SPLASHES LIKELY.

Work Hygienic Practices: PROHIBIT SMOKING. PROVIDE SAFETY SHOWERS/EYE WASHES NEAR WORK SITE. TRAIN EMPLOYEES IN CHEMICAL HA

NDLING PRACTICES.

Supplemental Safety and Health

SPEED REMOVING ACID IS ESSENTIAL!! TREAT MOST URGENT SYMPTOMS FIRST. CESSATION OF BREATHING, EYE INJURY, SKIN CONTACT, SHOCK. SEEK MEDICAL ASSISTANCE EVEN IF INJURY APPEARS SLIGHT. DURING TRANSPROT TO ME DICAL FACILITY, APPLY COLD COMPRESSES. IMMERSE AREA IN ICE WATER. AVOID FREEZING TISSUES. CONTINUE WASHING AFFECTED AREA

======== Physical/Chemical Properties ===========

HCC:C1

NRC/State Lic Num:NONE

Boiling

Pt:B.P. Text:275F,135C

Melt/Freeze Pt:M.P/F.P Text:-80F, 35%

Vapor Pres:< 1

Vapor Density: 3.4 (AIR=1

Spec Gravity:1.265

pH:<1

Solubility in Water: COMPLETE

Appearance and Odor: CLEAR, COLORLESS LIQUID.

Percent Volatiles by Volume:UNK.

======== Stability and Reactivity Data =========

Stability Indicator/Materials to Avoid:YES

METALS, ORGANICS, NITRATES, CARBIDES, CHLORATES, ALLYL COMPOUNDS, AND ALDEHYDES

Stability Condition to Avoid: CONTACT WITH METALS, ORGANICS.

Hazardous

Decomposition Products:SULFUR OXIDES AT HIGH TEMPERATURE.
REACTS W/ABOVE TO FORM HYDROGEN CYANIDE & HYDROGEN CYANIDE.

Conditions to Avoid Polymerization: WILL NOT OCCUR. AVOID ALL CONTACT WITH ORGANIC SUBSTANCES AND MOST METALS.

======== Disposal Considerations =============

Waste Disposal Methods: NEUTRALIZE W/LIME OR SODA ASH. CONSULT REGULATIONS. EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE D002- CORROSIVE & D003-REACTIVE IF DISCARDED W/O PRIOR NEUTRALIZATION.

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ided with this information by the compiling agencies):

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